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Original Article

ROLE OF STRESS IN PREMATURE AGEING(AKALAJA JARA) AND ITS PREVENTION BY MEDHYA RASAYANA-A REVIEW

Dr. Preeti Rathee¹, Dr. Sujata Rajan²

- 1. P.G.Scholar Dept of Kriya Sharir, A. and U. Tibbia College and Hospital, New Delhi.
- 2. Associate Professor Dept of Kriya Sharir, A. and U. Tibbia College and Hospital, New Delhi.

Abstract

Deterioration of quality of life due to Premature Ageing in the world population needs to be addressed and a suitable solution. Mental stress is directly linked to over production of free radicals. The changes induced by free radicals are believed to be a major cause of ageing, disease development or death. Premature ageing(Akalaja jara) needs solutions in the form of medicines either herbal or modern medicines. Modern medicine contributed oral anti-oxidant tablets. Rasāyana is an agent which prevents premature ageing, promotes intellect, memory, provides immunity against diseases & thus helps an individual in living an energetic life. Medhya Rasayana helps in bringing positive impact on intelligence, its retention and quick recall. As per Acharya Charaka, Medhya Rasayana not only acts on rejuvenating the nervous system but also helps prolong life, capable of curing several diseases, improve overall immunity, digestion, lustre of skin, and speech (voice).

Keywords: Akalaja Jara, Rasayana, Medhya Rasayana.

INTRODUCTION

Ageing has been defined as adeleterious, progressive and universal process which is generalized impairment of function resulting in a loss of adaptive response to stress and in a growing risk of age-associated disease. We live in a world overrun by stress. Global urbanization, competition and the spread of technology have created a world in which access to information has become an obligation

and necessity. This is an accelerated aging due to many reasons, in which biological aging is more intense irrespective of chronological age.

Address for correspondence: Dr. Preeti Rathee

M.D.Scholar ,Dept of Kriya Sharir ,Ayurvedic and Unani Tibbia College & Hospital ,Govt of NCT Delhi .

Mob.: 9560459148

Email:preetiratheee1317@gmail.com

Aging does not take place simultaneously in all tissues. Ashtanga Samgraha was the first to mention how aging proceedsdecade wise, whether it starts simultaneously in all tissues or from particular part of the body. According to this view, some qualities are being deteriorated in each decade of life beginning from, for instance at the end of first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, and tenth decade: the childhood, growth, complexion, intellect, skin luster, reproductive capacity, vision, hearing, mind, and functions of sense organs are lost, respectively, i and the maximum life span is 100 years.

According to Acharya Charaka *Jara* starts after 60th year of age. There is diminution of the Dhatus (tissue elements), strength of sense organs, energy, power of understanding, retention, memorizing, speech and analyzing facts. There is gradual diminution in the qualities of D+hatus and dominance of Vata during this ageⁱⁱ

Various Manasika Nidanas like Chinta, Shoka, Krodha etc. directly affect Agni results in Mandagni. Here again Dhatus get malnourished due to Mandagni and Jara is a manifestation of Dhatu Kshaya.ⁱⁱⁱ

In today's era of modernization psychological factor play a major role in the manifestation of diseases. Premature ageing or Akalaja Jara is also a manifestation of stress. A wide range of studies have shown that the stress caused by things like: untreated depression, social isolation, long-term unemployment, anxiety attacks can speed-up the aging process by shortening the length of each DNA strand.

Cell aging is controlled by a part of the DNA, the ends of chromosomes, called telomeres. As we age the telomeres get shorter. When it gets effected by stress the telomere frays away and the cell dies.

Aims & objectives: To explore the role of *Medhya Rasayana* in premature ageing (Akalaja Jara).

Material & method - classical text of Ayurveda and allied sciences, research papers and related data on different websites have been critically reviewed. All the compiled materials have been analyzed to frame the present research paper.

Classification of Jara:

Sushruta has described that Jara is natural phenomenon of human body. It is divided in two types i.e. *Kalaja Jara* and *Akalaja Jara*^{iv}.

Kalaja Jara - The manifestations of age related symptoms are reflected after certain age. The Kalaja Jara is PariraksanaKrita, which means that it occurs at the proper age even after following the daily and seasonal routine described in Swasthavritta and use of Shodhana at the proper time.

Akalaja Jara - The symptoms which manifests before certain age due to various etiological factors, the ageing process is rapid. This type of Jara is said to be due to Apari-RakshanaKrita, which means that is occurs before the mentioned age due to not taking the proper care of personal hygiene (Swasthavritta) and not undergoing Shodhana at proper time.

Causative factors of Akalaja Jara^v

Panthah: excessive walking or travelling

Sheetam: excessive cold food or spoiled food

Kadannam: food article devoid of Jivaniya properties,

Vayovridha yoshitah: aged women

Manasa pratikulta: unfavorable condition of mind.

In today's civilized world and stressful environment *Manasa Pratikulta* is the most important factor for *Akalaja Jara*.

Stress and Premature Ageing

Stress weakens the immune system.Long periods of stress and the release of Cortisol can disrupt blood sugar metabolism, lead to weight gain, diabetes, cardiovascular disease, high blood pressure, heart attacks, fatigue, muscle and joint pain, decreased muscle and bone loss, decrease sexual function, women can develop new facial hair growth, skin disease, headaches, asthma, constipation, anxiety, insomnia, memory problems, trigger emotional

problems, irritability, burnouts, depression, premature aging, and cancer.

There are many theory related to process of ageing and free radicle theory is one of them which is most acceptable.vi It postulates that ageing results from an accumulation of changes caused by reactions in the body initiated by highly reactive molecules known as 'free radicals'. The changes induced by free radicals are believed to be a major cause of ageing, disease development or death. Mental stress is directly linked to over production of free radicals. Intense emotions such as anger, anxiety, tension or stress creates cortisol(Stress hormone) and catecholamine chemicals that reacts with different organs and cells, ultimately creating free radicals in the long run, these become harbinger of diseases even when there is a slight deficiency in the body .Long periods of elevated cortisol levels cause damage to the brain and memory. The hippocampus, a part of the brain, is damaged and this reduces learning abilities. vii

In Ayurveda too *Ama* is also somewhat similar to free radical. Psychic factors like *Chinta*, *Shoka*, *Bhaya*, *Krodha* etc. leads to indigestion of food which further causes *Ama* formation. *Ama* is consider to be root cause for all the diseases. A study done by department of psychiatry in the university of California concluded that Women with the highest levels of perceived stress have telomeres shorter on average by the equivalent of at least one decade

of additional aging compared to low stress women viii

Rasayana:

Acharya Sushruta has defined Rasāyana as the measure which prolongs longevity, develops positive health and mental faculties and imparts resistance and immunity against diseasesix. Rasyana Prabhava can be assessed in terms of Smrit Medhā VarnaDehabala.Rasāyana is the means of obtaining the best qualities of Dhātus Śastanam 'Lābhopāya Hi Rasādinam Rasāyanam.x Thus the Rasāyana is specialized type of Therapy influencing the fundamental aspect i.e. Dhātu Agni, Srotas leading to overall improvement in the humans which offords prevention of ageing, bodily strength and improvement in the mental faculties

Medya Rasayana:

Medhya rasayana is a group of nootropic (cognition-boosting) drugs medicinal benefits.

Deterioration and weakening of memory process can be delayed by the intake of *Medhya Rasayanas*^{xi}

Medhya Rasayanas strengthen the body and maintain normal body function. Among doshas, Pitta Doshamaintains the intelligence and Kapha sustains the body with intelligence and Dhriti (courage) by its Sthira Guna. xii

Pranavata performs the intellectual function and it is the main factor involved in grasping

and fast recall. especially because of its Chala (mobile) and Vishada (fastspreading) properties. Sadhaka pitta responsible for intelligence (Buddhi), memory (Medha), self-esteem (Abhimana), enthusiasm (Utsaaha) and performs functions like discrimination between right and wrong by the Nishchayatmaka

Buddhi and Medha (intelligence)xiii

Mode of Action of Medhya Rasayana

Medhya Rasayanas help to maintain vata, pitta, and Kapha Doshas normal functions.

According

to Ayurveda, Mandukaparni is Medhya by Prabhava (special effect).

Mandukaparni: Improves learning and memory processes by modulating dopamine, 5-Hydroxytryptamine receptor, and noradrenaline systems, which was also reported in a study on rats^{xiv}

It is also effective in preventing the cognitive deficits as well as oxidative stress^{xv}

Asiaticoside, an active principle present in C. asiatica, imparts anxiolytic activity, x^{vi} and thus, it helps in reducing the anxiety.

Yastimadhu: According to Bhava Prakash Madh ura and Shita qualities and Vatapittashamaka and Rasayana effects of Yashtimadhu bring about soothing effect, and probably this helps in bringing

about *Stairya* and *Dhriti* to establish stability of mind and for enhancing memory.

The root of *G. glabra* contains the active principles, glycyrrhizin, glycoside, isoliquritin, liquiritin, steroid estrogen, hispaglabridin B, isoliquiritigenin, and paratocarpin B. xvii

G. Glabra increases the blood circulation to the central nervous system and balances the sugar levels in the blood.^{xviii}

The isoflavones glabridin and hispalglabridins A and B of *G. glabra*Linn. have significant antioxidant activity. The antioxidants protect susceptible brain cells from the oxidative stress, resulting in reduced brain damage and improved neuronal function, thereby enhancing the memory.^{xix}

Guduchi: having Katu, Tikta Rasas which help in keeping the mind alert, so that things can be remembered properly. Having Tridoshahara property, it helps to establish a balance and a good coordination of grasping, retention, and recall of memory.

T. cordifolia has active principles such as tinosporone, tinosporic acid, cordifolisides A-E, syringen, berberine, giloin, gilenin, crude giloininand, arabinogalactan polysaccharide, picrotene, gilosterol, tinosporol, tinosporidine, sitosterol, cordifol, and glucan polysaccharide. The root extract of *T. cordifolia*was found to possess normalizing activity against stressinduced changes in norepinephrine, dopamine, 5-hydroxytryptamine, and 5-

hydroxyindoleacetic acid levels. *T. cordifolia* enhances cognition (learning and memory) in normal rats. Cyclosporine-induced memory deficit was successfully overcome with *T. cordifolia*. xx

Sankhapushpi: The most effective among the four *Medhya* Rasayana drugs mentioned by Acharya Charaka^{xxi}, has Kashaya Rasa and Ushna Guna properties which may enhance the alertness and quick understanding retention power. C. pluricaulis contains and phytonutrients like convolidine, many convolvine. convolvidine, convoline, confoline, phyllabine, subhirsine, and scopoline. These compounds help in brain stimulation and increase the ability to concentrate.xxii

C. pluricaulis reduces stress and anxiety by controlling the production of body's stress hormones, adrenaline and cortisol. It is reported to possess anxiolytic and memory-enhancing and mood-elevating effects, and is claimed to retard brain aging. xxiii

Discussion:

Jara or old age is inevitable (Nishpratikriya) it cannot be avoided, it can only be delayed and graceful ageing can be ensured with the help of *Medhya Rasayanas*. By age 50-60 age related changes to begin to reflect like reduced power of muscle, reduced vision, memory, locomotion function, there is gradual decline in homeostasis and immune function predisposes

them to infection, digestive problem and malignancy.

Free radicals cause oxidative damage to various biological molecules e.g. hydroxyl radicals can damage cell membrane and lipoproteins by a process called lipid peroxidation which may contribute to aging process. BhavaPrakash defines *Rasayana* as a measure which may prevent disease and delays Ageing. Longevity and improvement in mental health have been claimed as effect of Rasayana. Rasayana also have antioxidant property so they help in delaying Aging.

According to Nagarjuna Medhya drugs mainly act by Achintya Veerya i.e. Prabhava. The Medhya Rasayanaact at different levelsofRasa, Agni, and Srotsa. At the level of Agni these drug stimulates and improve the function of Agni. At level of Srotsa, these drugs improve the circulation of Rasa by opening and cleaning the micro channel and then ultimately improve the function of Medha. Medhya Rasayana drugs used are Mandukparni Svarasa. Shankhpushpi Kalka, Guduchi Svarasa and Mulethi Churna. Some Rasayana drugs act by their Panchbhautika composition, Some by Rasa, Guna Veerya, and Vipaka. Pharmacological properties of drugs are depend their on panchbhautika composition. Panchamahabhoot having characteristic of three MahagunaSatva, Raja, Medha and Tama. are attributed predominance ofSatva Guna. Hence

Aakashiya, Taijus, Aapya drugs having Satva guna predominance improve Medha. Among Rasas, Tikta Rasa has direct action on the promotion of Medha. It performs their function by its Laghu property and Deepana-Paachana and Srotoshodhaka action. Madhura Rasa also by promoting the formation of Ojanourishes five sense, mind and medha. Hence Medhya Rasayana Drugs have predominantly Tikta-Madhura Rasa. Amla, Lavana and KatuRasa are having least importance in Medhya action. Ushana Veerya drugs stimulate Saadhak Pitta which promotes Medha. Ushana Veerya drugs improve Samriti (Power of recalling) and Grahan Shakti (power of reception)..

Conclusion- In present era everyone is suffering from stress either it's professional or personal. As the mind and body are interrelated to each other that's why mental stress appears as physical changes like early greying of hair, hypertension, alopecia, wrinkles. early menopause and arthritic changes in joints etc.Dalhana clearly mentioned that Akalaja Jara can be reverted by BhojanPana Rasyana To avoid this stress and improve mental faculties use of Medhya Rasayana is the better way from our classics which gives mental stability to the individual and improve the intellect and medhashakti.

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